

Reg. No. :

Name :

**Fourth Semester B.A.LL.B./B.Com.LL.B./B.B.A.LL.B. (Five Year Integrated)
Degree Examination, March 2022**

Paper IV : CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

Special Examination

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks :80

I. Explain **any five** of the following : Each question carries **2** marks. Answer should not exceed 50 words each.

- (a) Secularism
- (b) Due process of law
- (c) Writ of 'Mandamus'
- (d) Doctrine of ultravires
- (e) Equal pay for equal work
- (f) Fundamental duties.
- (g) Right to health.

(5 × 2 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer **any four** of the following. Each question carries **4** marks. Answer should not exceed **120** words each.

- (a) Explain the concept of 'Right of education' as a basic fundamental right under Art. 21 and Art. 21A of the Indian Constitution.
- (b) Give an account of test of reasonable classification
- (c) Doctrine of waiver.
- (d) Define child labour and explain how it is curtailed in Indian constitution
- (e) Give an account of scope of writ jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Court.

(4 × 4 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer **any four** of the following. Each question carries **6** marks.

- (a) 'X' is owning a factory near the river 'Amaravati' and the wastes from the factory are deposited into this river. The river water is used by local inhabitants and by using this water they were infected with various skin diseases. 'People forum ; an environmental activist group filed a PIL in Supreme Court for closing down of the factory. Whether any remedy is available to them?
- (b) 'A' challenged the constitutional validity of reservation in promotion given to 'B'. 'A' want to file a petition. Advice 'A' regarding the scope and outcome of the case.
- (c) Petitioner's passport was impounded by the Central Government under relevant provisions of the Passport Act 1967, which authorised the government to do so without furnishing reasons if it was in public interest. Discuss.
- (d) 'X', a politician complains that his telephone is tapped by opposition party leaders. His contention is that telephone tapping is a serious invasion of an individual's right to privacy. Analyse his statement in the light of decided case laws.
- (e) Kalpana an activist challenged the validity of teaching 'culture course' in schools which depicts stories from puranas saying that it is violative of Article 28. Advise her about prospects of the case.

(4 × 6 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer **any three** of the following. Each question carries **10** marks.

- (a) What is meant by freedom of speech and expression with respect to media, Explain it with relevant case laws.
- (b) Give an account of right of arrested persons with the help of case laws.
- (c) What is meant by personal, liberty? Explain it in the light of new judicial trends in interpretation of Article 21.
- (d) What are the hurdles faced by minorities while managing educational institutions?
- (e) Give an account of salient features of Indian constitution.

(3 × 10 = 30 Marks)