

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**Tenth Semester B.A LL.B/BCom LL.B/BBA LL.B (Five Year Integrated)  
Degree Examination, July 2019**

**Paper III : PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer any **five** of the following. Each question carries **2** marks. Answers should not exceed **50** words each.

- (a) Naturalist theory of International Law
- (b) Treaty contracts
- (c) Realist theory
- (d) Protectorate state
- (e) Continental Shelf
- (f) Rebus Sic Stantibus
- (g) Corruption free governance

**(5 × 2 = 10 Marks)**

II. Answer any **four** of the following. Each question carries **4** marks. Answers should not exceed **120** words each

- (a) International Law is a vanishing point of jurisprudence. Explain.
- (b) Examine the main theories regarding recognition.

- (c) Write a note on Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
- (d) Explain briefly the immunities and privileges of diplomatic agents.
- (e) Explain the concept of state succession.

**(4 × 4 = 16 Marks)**

III. Answer any **four** of the following. Each question carries **6** marks.

- (a) The Security Council appointed Mr. X and Mr. Y as observers to mediate between State A and State B. While these observers at State A, Mr. X was murdered by a mob and several others injured. The UN general Assembly asked the opinion of ICJ, whether State A is liable to pay compensation to the deceased person and injured person. Decide.
- (b) 'X' an Indian citizen commits a crime in England and reaches India. He is arrested and prosecuted in India. But 'X' contends that he has committed no crime in India and hence India could not assume jurisdiction over him. Decide.
- (c) In a dispute before I C J between Colombia and Thailand, the former raises the plea of estoppel. Thailand contends that estoppel is a plea in domestic law which is not applicable in International Law. Decide.
- (d) The Ship of state 'X' entered the territorial waters of State Y and polluted the water of State Y. State 'Y' claimed compensation from state 'X'. Examine the rights of state 'Y' in International Law.
- (e) State A and State B entered in to a bilateral treaty in 1961. State B was annexed by state C in 1970. What would happen to the treaty obligation? Advise.

**(4 × 6 = 24 Marks)**

IV. Answer any **three** of the following. Each question carries **10** marks.

- (a) Explain the different schools and theories of International Law with a critical assessment upon them.
- (b) What is meant by State Jurisdiction? Explain the different principles to which state can exercise jurisdiction.
- (c) Analyse the role of international organizations in the maintenance of international peace and security.
- (d) Explain how far the rights of women, children and other marginalized groups are protected under international law.

**(3 × 10 = 30 Marks)**

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