

Reg. No. :

Name :

**Seventh Semester B.A. LL.B./B.Com. LL.B./B.B.A. LL.B.
(Five Year Integrated) Degree Examination, January 2026**

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LAW (OPTION I)

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

I. Explain any **six** of the following. Each question carries **2** marks. Answers should not exceed **50** words each.

1. Internet Intermediary
2. Cyber Crime
3. Electronic Record
4. Digital Signature
5. Cyber Stalking
6. CERT
7. E-Commerce
8. Phishing

(6 × 2 = 12 Marks)

PART – B

II. Explain any **four** of the following. Each question carries **5** marks. Answers should not exceed **150** words each.

9. Child Pornography as Cyber Crime
10. IT Act and Privacy rights

P.T.O.

11. CyberTerrorism
12. Indian Penal Code and Cyber Crimes
13. Intellectual Property issues in the Cyber Space
14. Fundamentals of Cyber Space

(4 × 5 = 20 Marks)

PART – C

III. Answer any **four** of the following. Each question carries **6** marks.

15. An officer of a bank is directed by the court to be examined as a witness in a criminal prosecution under the Bankers Book Evidence Act, 1891. Neither the bank nor the officer is a party in the given case. Can the court direct so?
16. An electronic record contained information is produced by the Prosecution in the court during a criminal trial and claims it as a document under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. The Defence objects to the same refuting the claim of it being a document. Decide.
17. A monitors the use by B, a woman of the email for three months. B finds out the same accidentally and complains to the police. Police refuses to register a crime stating that monitoring of email is not an offence. She approaches you for advice.
18. A, aggrieved by her boyfriend B deserting her, makes a social media post falsely detailing about lascivious nature of B. B's parents and friends see the post and this hurts them. A, later takes down the post and apologizes for the act. However, B wants to take her to task. Advise him.
19. Sunny, a student wanted to purchase a laptop with a pre-installed software. The seller informed Sunny that in case he wanted a pre-installed laptop with original software, he would have to spend Rs.65,000/- whereas if he choses a laptop which is pre-loaded with pirated software, he would get it for Rs.55,000/-. Sunny choses to save Rs.10,000/- and purchases the latter one. Has he committed any offence/violation and if so, what would be the punishment? Can Sunny take up the defence of educational and research exceptions?

(4 × 6 = 24 Marks)

PART – D

IV. Answer any **two** of the following. Each question carries **12** marks.

20. Elaborate on the salient features of the information Technology Act, 2000.
21. Elaborate on the interplay between the copyright regime and issues of software piracy.
22. Discuss about the UNCITRAL Model Law of Electronic Commerce touching upon its salient features and contributions to the domain.

(2 × 12 = 24 Marks)

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