

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester LL.M. Degree Examination, August 2024

Constitutional Law

Paper III : CONSTITUTION AND SOCIAL JUSTICE

(2021 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer all questions. All questions carries equal marks.

1. (a) "Social change points towards a marked or observable difference between two different times in the way of life, social processes and interactions of a society or social relationships." Examine and elaborate on the contribution of Constitutional amendments in effecting social transformation.

OR

- (b) "Social justice means availability of equal social opportunities for the overall development of individuals and as a society." How have the Constitutional mandates furthered the goal of social justice in India?

2. (a) Examine and elaborate on the connect between Preambular promises and their implementational attempt through provisions in Part III and IV of the Constitution of India.

OR

- (b) "The addition of new Directive Principles of State Policy through various amendments reflects a commitment to addressing contemporary challenges and advancing socio-economic development, justice, and welfare. These amendments have expanded the scope of State responsibility in areas such as education, elementary education as a fundamental right, and the promotion of cooperative societies." Discuss.

P.T.O.

3. (a) "The policy of protective discrimination is a way to ensure social justice in society. These actions are justifiably enshrined in the Constitution of India as "*Protective Discrimination*." Elaborate on the theoretical and practical aspects of protective discrimination in India.

OR

- (b) Examine and elaborate on the religious freedom and rights of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice, in the backdrop of the Preambular promise of secularism.
4. (a) Identify the problems faced by the marginalised sections in the Indian society and elaborate on the need for reforms in the domain through enactment of special laws in this regard.

OR

- (b) Examine and elaborate on the Constitutional mandate of gender justice in India. Also, touch upon the contribution of special laws in this connection.
5. (a) "The expansion of scope and ambit of article 21 of the Indian Constitution by the Constitutional courts in India remains a beautiful reminder of the proactive role that judiciary can play as guardians of the Constitution in furthering the Constitutional goal of social justice." Comment.

OR

- (b) Elaborate on the importance of judicial review as a pivotal tool in the hands of the judiciary to prevent unconstitutional State actions and to ensure uninterrupted enjoyment of fundamental rights in India.

(5 × 12 = 60 Marks)