a) A, an accused person went to the house of the police officer and offer

A	re	6	2	a	4
H		U	4	J	

 	BHIR	11919	 1181	1881
			Ш	1881
		Ш	Ш	1881

Name:.....

Reg. No.:	inali na	involled o	eli ka mund	
eation of the fitting in the second is			THE INCH	

(Five Year Integrated) Degree Examination, September 2016 Paper – IV: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – I

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

A can claim freedom of residence?

- Explain any five of the following. Each question carries two marks. Answer should not exceed 50 words each.
 - a) Nature of the constitution.
 - b) Cession of citizenship apagong of betnew bns offenst avoights a saw 'A' (b
 - c) Individual liberty
 - d) Equality-definition and concept our awai notice to great a least A (e
 - e) Ex post facto laws
 - f) Preventive detention
 - g) Habeas Corpus.

(5×2=10 Marks)

- II. Answer any four of the following. Each question carries four marks. Answer should not exceed 120 words each.
 - a) Role of judiciary in protecting ecology and environment. To judiciary in protecting ecology and environment.
 - b) Write a note on public purpose under Art. 31 (2)
 - c) Article 21 and due process of law.
 - d) Explain the concept of double jeopardy
 - e) Apparatus to supervise safeguards for protection of linguistic minorities.

(4×4=16 Marks)



- III. Answer any four of the following. Each question carries 6 marks.
 - a) A, an accused person went to the house of the police officer and offered him some currency notes as bribe, which he did? The accused was then tried for the offence of offering bribe. Whether the accused could claim benefit of Article 20 (3)?
 - b) Government of India decides to cede an island in the Arabian sea which was administered by state of Kerala, to Pakisthan and the parliament enacted a law for the same. Is this sufficient to effect the transfer?
 - c) 'A' was inhabitant of a locality 'X'. But the State Government wanted him to evict that place in the need of security of state. Is the eviction valid? Whether A can claim freedom of residence?
 - d) 'A' was a religious fanatic and wanted to propagate his religion. But the state in which he was residing made certain restriction on conversion whether it will isolate any of his fundamental right?
 - e) A state enacted cattle protection laws prohibiting slaughter of cows and calves. 'X', a proprietor of a slaughter house challenged this law as violative of Article 19 (1) (g). Decide. (4x6=24 Marks)
- IV. Answer any three of the following. Each question carries 10 marks.
 - a) Critically evaluate salient features of the Indian Constitution.
 - b) Define Citizenship. Discuss various methods of acquiring citizenship.
 - c) How is the balance between fundamental rights and social interest maintained in the constitution of India?
 - d) Analyse the definition of state under Article 12 with the help of judicial decisions.
 - e) Define child labour. Discuss the constitutional safeguards for protecting children from child labour. (3×10=30 Marks)

e) Apparatus to supervise safeguards for protection of linguistic minorities.