



Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester LL.M. Degree Examination, April 2018
Branch – II : Constitutional Law
Paper – VII : AMENDING PROCESS AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

Instruction : Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- I. a) "If no provisions were made for the amendment of the Constitution, the people would have recourse to extra constitutional methods like revolution to change the Constitution". Comment on the observation of the Supreme Court in Keshavananda Bharti V. State of Kerala (AIR 1973 S.C. 1461)

OR

- b) Explain the nature and scope of amending power contained in the French Constitution.

- II. a) Judicial Review acts as a check on unlimited amendability of Fundamental Rights. Explain in the light of decided cases.

OR

- b) Describe the scope of judicial review as recognised in the Constitution of U.S.A.

- III. a) Elaborately explain the various stages in the realm of amendability of the Indian Constitution with reference to important decisions of the Supreme Court.

OR

- b) Explain the procedure for amending the Constitution of India. How can the entrenched provisions of the Constitution be amended ?

- IV. a) The theory of basic structure reflects in it the real soul and spirit of the Constitution. Explain.

OR

- b) Explain the scope of the 42nd Amendment of the Indian Constitution.

- V. a) Unfettered amending power is a dangerous phenomenon as it can surpass all the Constitutional Provisions. Do you agree with this ? Give reasons.

OR

- b) Comment on the suggestions put forward by the National Commission for the Review of the Constitution.
