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Fourth Semester B.Com. LL.B. (Five Year Integrated) Degree Examination, April 2024

Paper II: ADVANCED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

(2013 - 2019 Admission)

College of

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

- I. Answer any five questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- 1. Define LLP.
- 2. What is profit sharing ratio?
- 3. What is interest on capital?
- 4. Define Dissolution of firm.
- 5. What do you mean by independent branches?
- 6. What is cost price method?
- 7. Define sacrificing ratio.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- II. Answer any four of the following. Each question carries 4 marks.
- 1. Explain about inter branch transactions.
- 2. What are the different forms of reconstitution of partnership firms?
- 3. Explain different types of capital accounts.

- 4. What is guarantee of profit to a partner?
- 5. A and B are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1. A withdraws Rs.2000 p.m. regularly on the first day of every month during 2014 for personal purposes. If interest on drawings is charged at 12% p.a. Calculate the interest on drawings of A.

 $(4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

- III. Answer any four questions. Each question carries 6 marks.
- 1. Write a note on stock and debtors system.
- 2. Explain the essential features of partnership.
- 3. Write a note on treatment of goodwill at the time of retirement of a partner.
- 4. What is insolvency? Explain its reasons.
- 5. X, Y and Z are partners sharing profits in the ratio 5:3:2. Z retires and the total goodwill is valued at Rs.80,000. Give necessary entry in the books of the firm regarding treatment of goodwill.

 $(4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

- IV. Answer any three questions. Each question carries 10 marks.
- 1. A company with its head office at Mumbai has a Branch at Kolkatta. The branch receives all goods from Head office who also remits cash for all expenses. Sales are made by the Branch on credit as well as for cash.

Total sales by Branch for the year ended 31st March 2022, amounted to Rs.5,60,000 out of which 20% is cash sales. The following further information is relevant.

	1.04.21 (Rs.)	31.03.22 (Rs.)
Stock in trade	25,000	36,000
Debtors	60,000	48,000
Petty cash	120	180

Expenses actually incurred by the Branch during the year were: Salaries Rs.36,000, Rent Rs.12,000, Petty expenses Rs.5,600. All sales are made by the branch at cost plus 25%.

You are required to prepare the Kolkatta Branch Account in the Books of Head office for the year ended 31st March 2022.

2. M, D and P are in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1. Their balance sheet as on 31st Dec 2021 as follows.

Balance sheet

Liabilities		Rs.	Assets		Rs.
Creditors		30,000	Cash at Bank	101	2,400
P&LA/c	5	12,000	Sundry debtors	40,000	
Capitals :			Less provision	2000	38,000
М	35,000		Stock		49,600
D	35,000		.0		
Р	28,000	98,000			
			Vehicle		50,000
		1,40,000			1,40,000

D retired from, the business on 31st Dec. 2021 on the following terms.

- (a) Vehicle to be valued at Rs.45,000 and stock to be valued at Rs.45,000
- (b) Provision for doubtful debts to be increased to 75% of debtors.
- (c) Creditors include an amount of Rs.2,000, not likely to be claimed.
- (d) D's share of goodwill is Rs.12,000.

Prepare ledger accounts and balance sheet of M and P immediately after the retirement of D.

3. A, B and C were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:2:1 on Jan.1.2021 their balance sheet was as follows:

	Assets		
10,000	Bank		24,400
24,000	Debtors	16,000	
	Less pro.	<u>400</u>	15,600
30,000	Stock		12,000
24,000	Furniture		4,000
12,000	Building		44,000
1,00,000			1,00,000
	24,000 30,000 24,000 12,000	10,000 Bank 24,000 Debtors Less pro. 30,000 Stock 24,000 Furniture 12,000 Building	10,000 Bank 24,000 Debtors 16,000 Less pro. 400 30,000 Stock 24,000 Furniture 12,000 Building

Firm was dissolved on that date. Assets realised as follows.

	Rs.
Debtors	14,000
Stock	10,000
Furniture	2,000
Building	50,000

Creditors were settled for Rs.22,000. Expenses of realisation were Rs.2,000. Prepare ledger accounts to close the books of the firm.

4. Explain the different modes of dissolution of firm.

 $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$