

Reg. No. :

Name :

**Fifth Semester B.A.LL.B/BCom LL.B/BBA LL.B (Five Year Integrated)
Degree Examination, July 2019**

Paper II Law of Crimes – Paper II – CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – I

Answer any **five** questions : Each carries **2** marks. Answer should not exceed **50** words each:

1. Executive magistrate.
2. Habitual offenders.
3. Warrant of arrest.
4. First Information Report.
5. Summary Trial.
6. Private Complaint.
7. Plea–bargaining.

(5 × 2 = 10 Marks)

PART – II

Answer any **four** questions : Each carries **4** marks. Answer should not exceed **120** words each:

1. Discuss the powers and functions of the functionaries under the code of criminal procedure.
2. What is meant by cognizance of offences?
3. Distinguish between summons case and warrant case.
4. Briefly explain the role of juvenile welfare Board and its powers.
5. What is meant by confession? Explain its procedures.

(4 × 4 = 16 Marks)

PART – III

Answer any **four** questions : Each carries **6** marks.

1. A rescues B, a person in lawful custody, and in doing so causes hurt to C, a constable in whose custody B was. A was charged with and tried at the same time for offences under sections 225 and 333 of IPC. Decide the legality.
2. P, a minor married daughter claims maintenance from her father Q, under section 125 of the code of criminal procedure. Decide the maintainability of the partition.
3. A is accused of an offence. However the court altered the charge at the trial stage without explaining it to him and was convicted for that offence. A wants to challenge this. Decide?
4. X and Y assisted Z to kill A by providing weapons which was used by Z. Decide whether X, Y, Z can be tried jointly?
5. A is charged with theft of property from B and was convicted by the Magistrate of second class. He is subsequently charged with and tried for robbery on the same facts: Decide?

(4 × 6 = 24 Marks)

PART – IV

Answer any **three** questions : Each carries **10** marks.

1. Explain the circumstances under which a magistrate is empowered to remove public nuisance?
2. What are the essentials of a judgment? Can a Criminal Court alter or revise its own Judgment.
3. What are the general principles relating to search and seizure? Can the police search without warrant?
4. Discuss the provisions relating to appeal, revision and reference?

(3 × 10 = 30 Marks)